

United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization



- ons Intergovernmental Oceanographic
  - Commission

## Establishment of RTRC on Coastal Contaminant Monitoring and Marine Innovative Technologies (RTRC-Coastal COMMIT)





PROPOSED BY State Key Laboratory of Marine Pollution,

City University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong SAR, China

14th Intergovernmental Session of the UNESCO/IOC Sub-Commission for the Western Pacific, Jakarta, Indonesia, 4-7 April 2023

## SKLMP has been run since 2010 (well funded – USD 2.5m/yr)

Interuniversity & Multidisciplinary (70 Members; 13 Advisors; 281 PhD/MPhil; 87 Postdocs)











IVERSITY OF HONG KONG







Education University



## State Key Laboratory of Marine Pollution (SKLMP)



## Vision

 To be a key international research center in advancing marine environmental research that contributes to the protection and management of the marine environment and generates positive societal impact.

## **Mission**

- To protect marine environments through high quality multidisciplinary research and innovations
- To build capacity by nurturing and training environmental scientists, managers, and entrepreneurs in the region
- To support governments in the management of environmental quality and protection of marine ecosystems

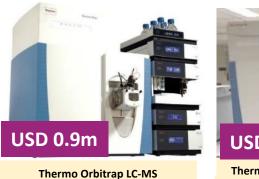


Ecosystem Responses and Ecological Restoration

https://www.cityu.edu.hk/sklmp/about-us/annual-reports

#### **1. Trace and Ultratrace Level Instrumental Analysis Platform**

## **Our Platforms and Facilities**







Agilent UPLC - SCIEX 6500 Triple quadrupole MS

**3. Aquatic Toxicology Research Platform** 



Agilent UPLC - SCIEX X500R QTOF MSMS



Elementar Elemental Analyzer

#### 2. Molecular & Cell Biology Research Platform



**BD FASC Aria III Flow Cytometer** 

Illumina MiniSeq System



Model Organisms-Marine Medaka



Aquarium

#### **SKLMP Main Lab**



## 4. Field-based Integrated Research Platform



Fish Raft



**Research Vessel** 



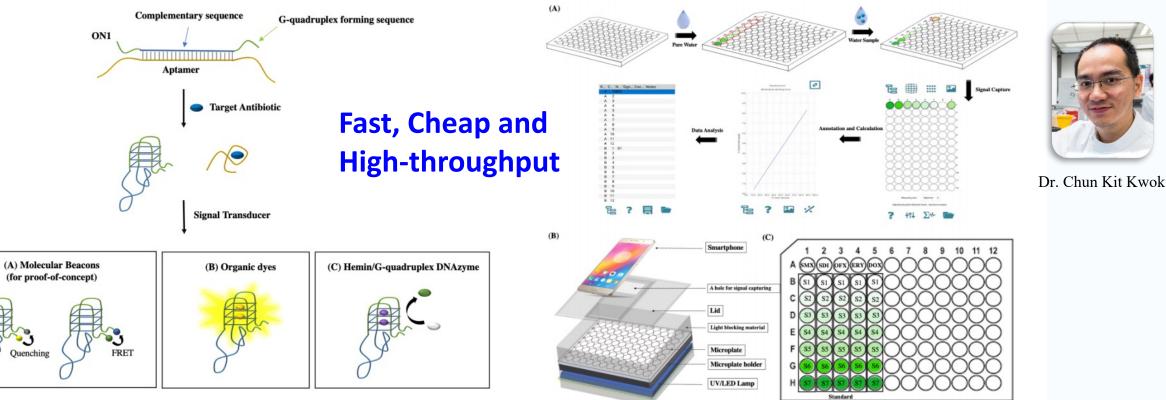






### **Innovative Technology for Pollution Monitoring and Control**

## A Practical and High-throughput Aptasensing Device for Antibiotics Detection



**Figure 3**. Proposed mechanism for a universal aptamer-based detection platform based on AptaSwitch using (A) molecular beacons, (B) organic dyes and (C) hemin/G-quadruplex DNAzyme system as the signal transducer.

**Figure 4**. (A) Schematic diagram of the proposed detection strategy; (B) design of the palm-sized portable microplate system; (C) layout of a reagent-coated microplate for the detection of SMX, SDI, OFX, ERY and DOX. S1-S7 are standards containing various concentrations of different antibiotics.

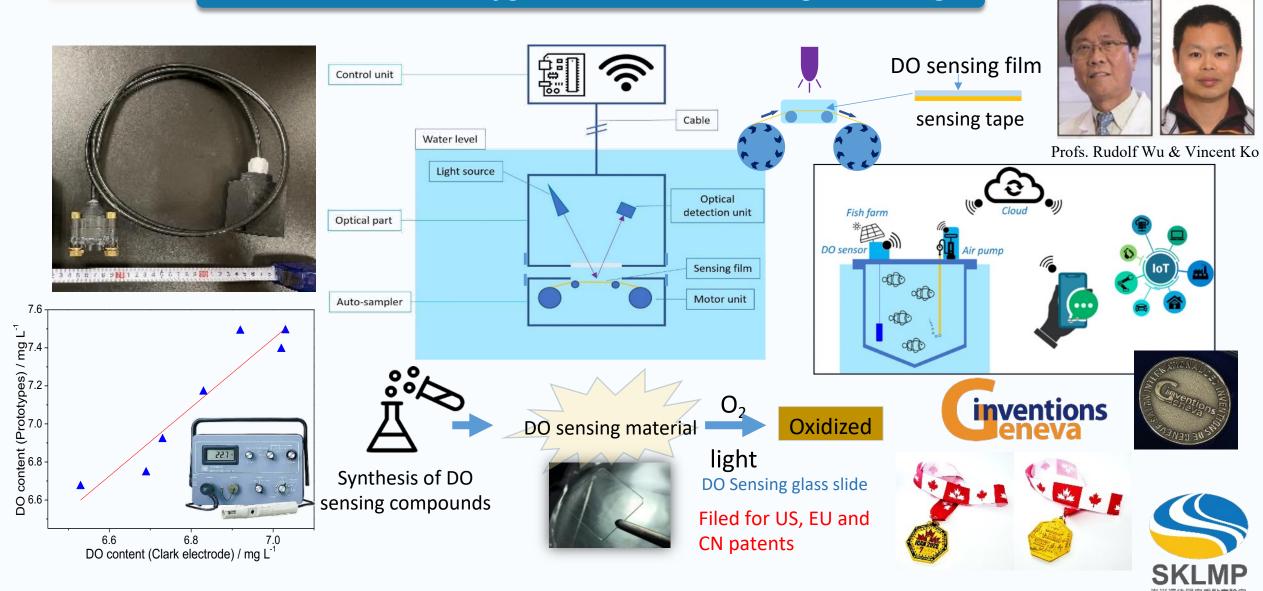


Example



### **Innovative Technology for Pollution Monitoring and Control**

### A Novel Dissolved Oxygen Sensor – Overcoming Biofouling



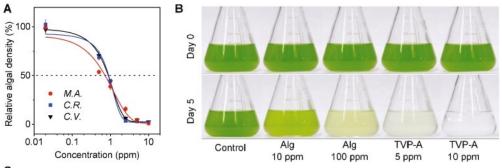
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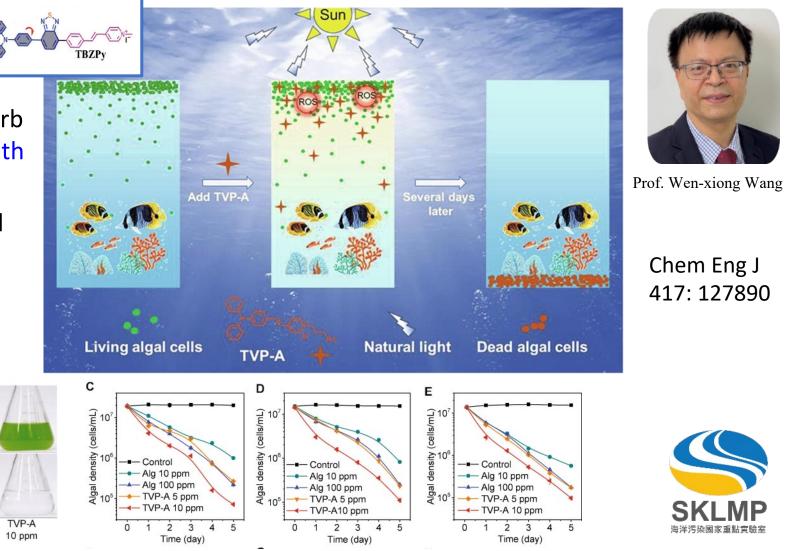


Innovative Technology for Pollution Monitoring and Control

### Photodynamic Control of HAB by an Efficient and Degradable Photosensitizer

- TVP-A, a photosensitizer is a costeffective and eco-friendly agent for controlling harmful algal blooms.
- It is water soluble and can quickly adsorb onto algal cells, triggering algal cell death through oxidative destruction.
- It is effective at low concentrations and requires sunlight irradiation only for a few minutes to destroy algal blooms.
- TVP-A is degradable and will not cause pollution to the environment.







•

#### **Eco-safety and Environmental Risk Assessment**

Reveal and forecast the occurrence of CECs

## **Carrying capacity of contaminants of emerging concern (CECs)**



Prof Paul LAM, Rr Henry He, Dr Phoebe RUAN, Dr Meng YAN, Kenneth LEUNG

Distribution of total LCMs in sediments (ng/g dw) Derive water quality criteria, assess their risk and • henzhen 30 determine environmental carrying capacity Hong Kong Liquid-crystal monomers Formulate risk reduction measures • 20 Pearl River Estuary (PRE) Size-fractionated particles Long-range 10 ransport E-waste Atmospheric Emissions deposition R-0-P= 24 100 a/d Surface SPM \* o<=0.05 Surface SPI Chlorophyll - 0.8 Verine runoff Wastewa DOM - 0.6 Outflow ODO 83 200 g/d 0.4 Wash-out Surface runoff input ORP 0.2 65 100 a/d Salinity Degradatio -0.2 Conductivity 4 500 a/c -0.4 BGA PE - -0.6 Turbidity 40g\_(M) - -0.8 CI-OP 18 18 18 16 16 16 108 108 1918 1918 198 198 Sedimentation 1 500 g/d



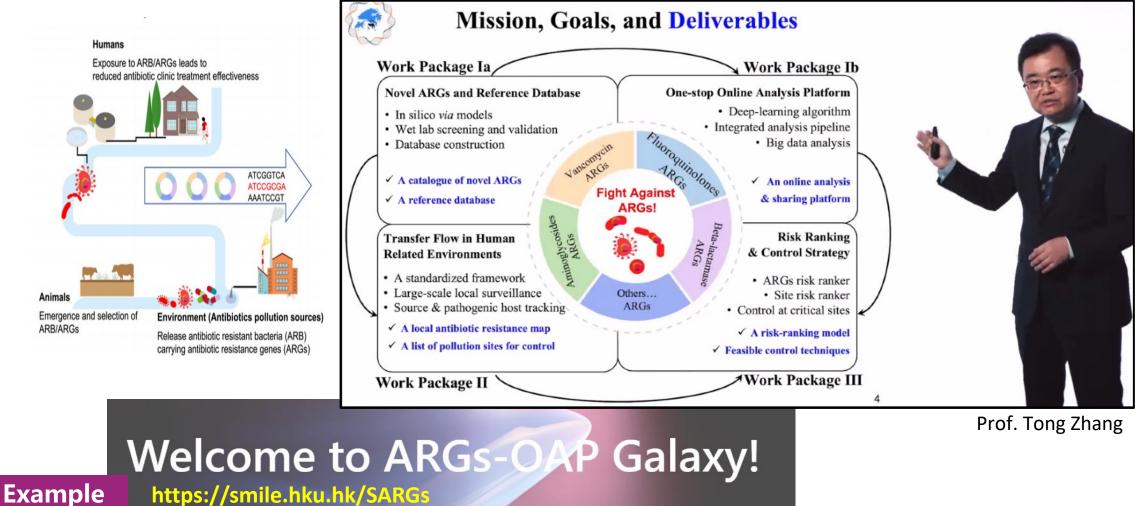
Animals

ARB/ARGs

### **Assessing Antibiotic Resistome Flows from Pollution Hotspots** to Environments and Explore the Control Strategies

Profs Tong ZHANG, XD LI, Kenneth LEUNG

#### USD 4.5 million Theme-based Project







#### **Eco-safety and Environmental Risk Assessment**

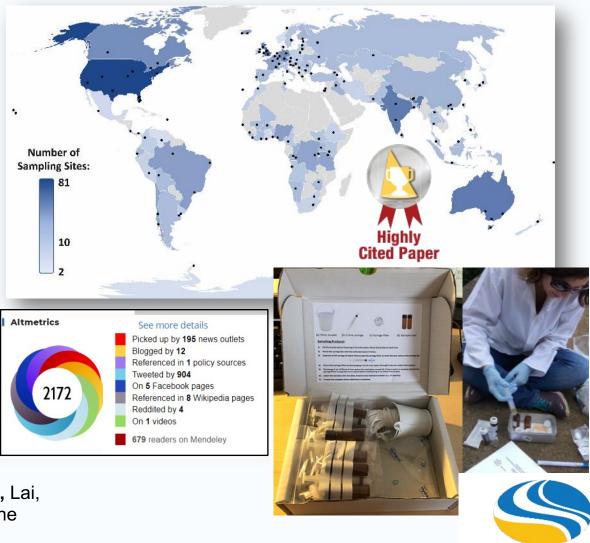
### Pharmaceutical Pollution of the World's Rivers

### Led by York University, UK

- We monitored 1,052 sampling sites along **258** rivers in 104 countries, covering 471m people.
- These contaminants in surface water pose a threat to environmental and human health in 25% of the studied locations globally.
- Most polluted rivers are found in low-middle income countries.
- This work paved the way for the Global Estuaries Monitoring (GEM) Programme.

This is a hot paper (among top 0.1% most cited papers) recognized by WoS, and will receive the **Cozzarelli Prize** on 30 April 2023.

**Publication:** Wilkinson, J.L., Boxall, A.B.A., Kolpin, D.W., **Leung, K.M.Y.,** Lai, R.W.S., Galban-Malagon, C., et al., (2022). Pharmaceutical Pollution of the World's Rivers. *PNAS* 119, 2113947119.



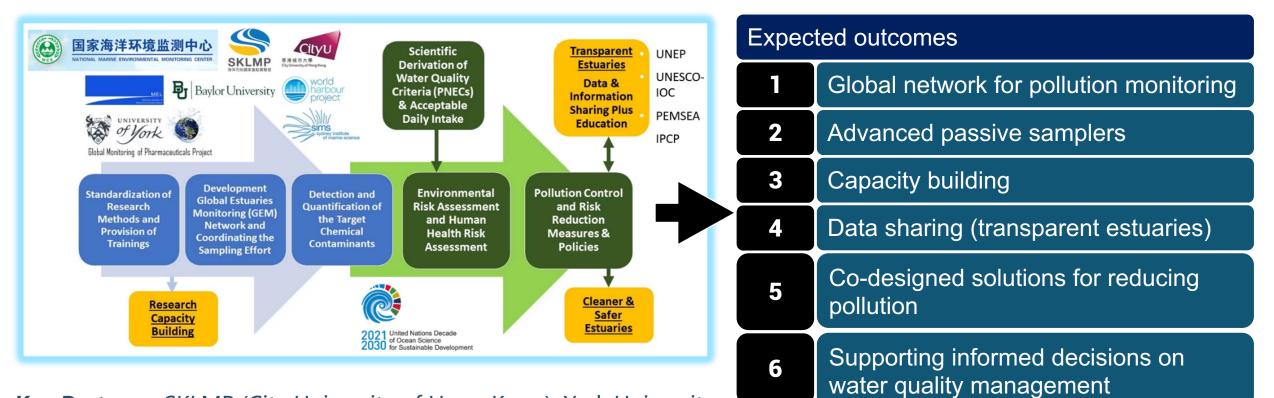
### Example

## **Global Estuaries Monitoring (GEM) Programme**

#### Since June 8, 2021



2021 United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Development



7

**Key Partners:** SKLMP (City University of Hong Kong), York University, Sydney Institute of Marine Science, Baylor University, MEL (Xiamen University), National Marine Environmental Monitoring Centre (China)

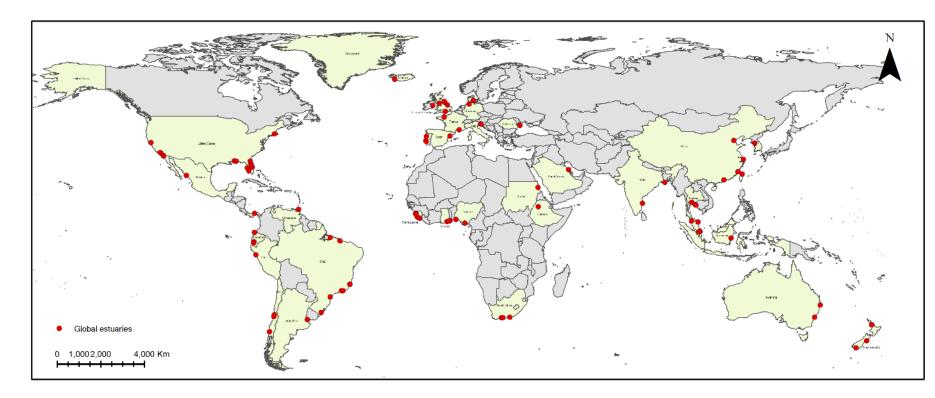
GEM Video: https://youtu.be/iSoTgz6roKA

**Cleaner** estuaries

## GEM Website: https://www.globalestuaries.org/



## **Recruiting Global Partners, launching in May 2023**



So far, we have....

**46** countries

80 collaborators

**116** estuaries





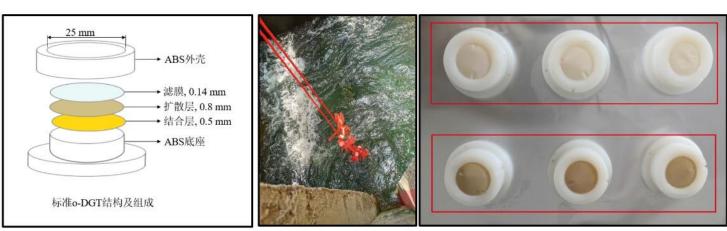
## **Passive Samplers and Biomonitoring**

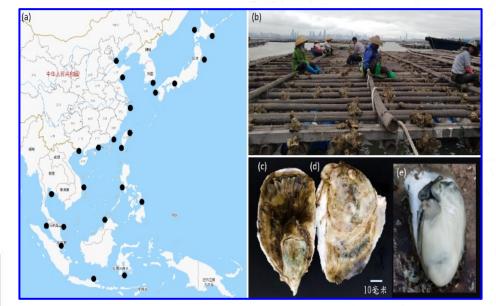
Protective cap

Chelex-100



## Global Artificial Mussel Watch for Metals and POPs





Global Oyster Watch for Microplastics and Chemicals of Emerging Concern

Applying Organic DGT for Emerging POPs





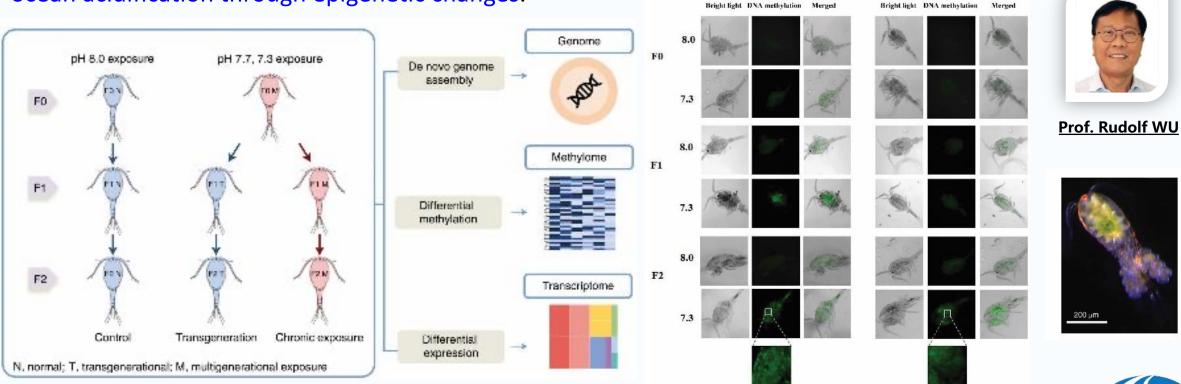
#### **Ecological Responses and Ecosystem Recovery**

**Epigenetic plasticity enables copepods to cope with ocean acidification** 

Control

5-azacytidine

The study reports that copepods can adapt to ocean acidification through epigenetic changes.



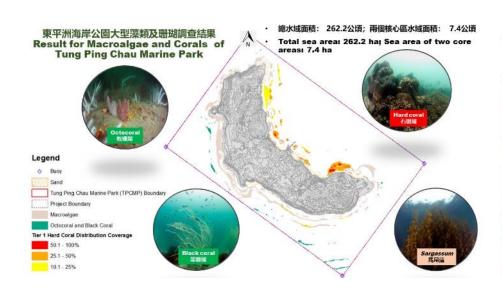
#### **Publication:**

Lee, Y.H., Kim, M.S., Wang, M.H., Bhandari, R.K., Park, H.G., **Wu, R.S.S.**, Lee, J.S. (2022). Epigenetic Plasticity Enables Copepods to Cope with Ocean Acidification. *Nature Climate Change* 12, 918. (impact factor 28.862)



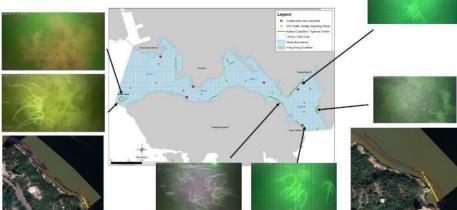
### **Ecological Responses and Ecosystem Recovery**

## **Underwater Habitat Mapping and Survey Technology**



EΕ

Revealing benthic habitats and sessile epibenthic biodiversity in Victoria Harbour: A preliminary study



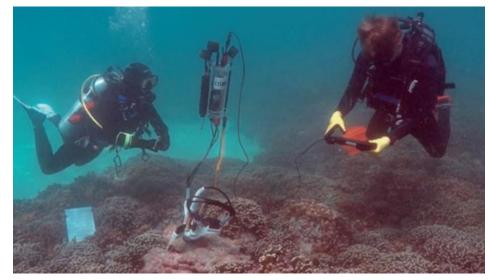


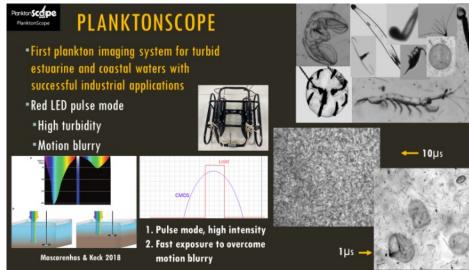
Dr. Leo Lai Chan Associate Director, SKLMP



Dr. Vicky Jiajun Wu











#### **Ecological Responses and Ecosystem Recovery**

### **Innovative Technology for Eco-shoreline Implementation**







Design of the 3.8 km Eco-shoreline at Tung Chung New Town, Lantau in Hong Kong



CIENCE FOR ENVIRONMENT FOLICT

an eco-engineered tiles enhance biodiversity o artificial seawalls?



A global increase in arthboa sewalis has led to widesp of marine interidial habitata. This holitat hus has resulted in marine biodiversity and cosystem functioning in these shore study in liong Kong explores whether eco-engineered bles on artificable enhance biodiversity.

Note that 24 Allian of the works possible curvely (in white 100 Monetes of the could see the human set nones are used intermeting models the curvels from see human the and heading versits. And/of seconds are alling size interpretent curvels (but are shreightable for mode spaces, thereto negatively impacting the transfat seconds curvels). Since a view are responsed without which are alling versions and the transport of an alling versity. And/of seconds are alling versions are alling an approximative second version which are alling versions are antique as a particular dataset to the loss of backwards and exceptions fractioning on waveable. There can have response, and ensities with cardinal transports in fractions and there of 10 backwards and the second second seconds and the second European Commission has adopted our research outcomes to inform their environmental policy

Bracherd, T., Astudiko, J., Lau, E., Perdine, M., Lu, C., Li, T., Lam, C., Ng, T., Strain, E., Steinberg, P. and Leung, K. 12020 (Provision of refug) and seeding with native bivalves can enhance biodiversity on vertical seemable. Notice National Bulletin 160: 111578.

Contact: Juan C. Astudilo. jaadus@connect.hku.hk Kannech MY, Laung, kmsicung@citsu.retuthk



Supporting the China's National Master Plan for Ecosystem Restoration and UN Decade on Ecosystem Restoration



Prof Kenneth Leung



Dr Juan Astudillo



## Eco-shoreline at Tung Chung East

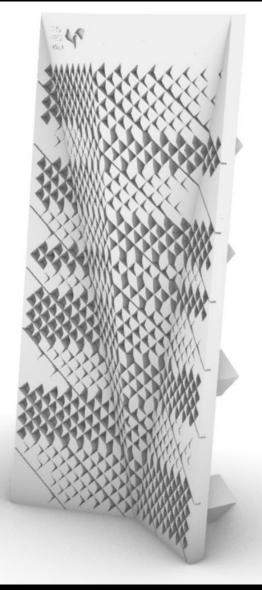
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Photo Credit: Ir Leo Lam, CEDD

### Innovative Technology





2治染國家重點質

## **Our Track Record and Commitment**

- SKLMP has ample experience in hosting international conferences and workshops.
- SKLMP is the PEMSEA Regional Centre of Excellence in Marine Pollution Research.
- We will be **able to provide partial or even full financial support to participants** from the WESTPAC region, depending on the funding availability.
- We have funding for hosting visiting professors and young researchers to work in our lab.















## IOC/WESTPAC Training Workshop on Introductory Scientific Diving for Marine Benthic Dinoflagellates Sampling and Processing

17-21 September 2018 Phuket Marine Biological Center (PMBC), Phuket, Thailand





## **SKLMP Led the SETAC Global Horizon Scanning**

Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry—Volume 39, Number 8—pp. 1485–1505, 2020 Received: 11 March 2020 Revised: 3 April 2020 Accepted: 22 May 2020

#### **Critical Review**

#### Toward Sustainable Environmental Quality: Priority Research Questions for Asia

Kenneth M.Y. Leung, <sup>a,b,\*</sup> Katie W.Y. Yeung,<sup>a</sup> Jing You,<sup>c</sup> Kyungho Choi,<sup>d</sup> Xiaowei Zhang,<sup>a</sup> Ross Smith,<sup>1</sup> Guang-Jie Zhou,<sup>a</sup> Mana M.N. Yung,<sup>9</sup> Carlos Arias-Barreiro,<sup>b</sup> Youn-Joo An,<sup>1</sup> S. Rebekah Burket,<sup>1</sup> Robert Dwyer,<sup>4</sup> Nathalie Goodkin,<sup>1</sup> Yii Siang Hii,<sup>m</sup> Tham Hoang,<sup>a</sup> Chris Humphrey,<sup>o</sup> Chuleemas Boonthai Iwai,<sup>9</sup> Seung-Woo Jeong,<sup>9</sup> Guillaume Juhel,<sup>1</sup> Ali Karami,<sup>a</sup> Katerina Kyriazi-Huber,<sup>1</sup> Kuan-Chun Lee,<sup>a</sup> Bin-Le Lin,<sup>9</sup> Ben Lu,<sup>w</sup> Patrick Martin,<sup>1</sup> Mae Grace Nillos,<sup>\*</sup> Katharina Oginawati,<sup>9</sup> LV.N. Rathmayake,<sup>2</sup> Yenny Risjani,<sup>aa</sup> Mohammad Shoeb,<sup>1</sup>b<sup>b</sup> Chin Hon Tan,<sup>1</sup> Maria Claret Tsuchiya,<sup>ce</sup> Gerald T. Ankley,<sup>ad</sup> Alistair B.A. Boxall,<sup>aa</sup> Murray A. Rudd,<sup>#</sup> and Bryan W. Brooks<sup>Cd</sup>

"Swire Institute of Marine Science and School of Biological Sciences, University of Hong Kong, Poklalam, Hang Kong, Orina <sup>In</sup>State Kay Laboratory of Marine Pollution and Department of Osemistry, City University of Hung Kong, Kondoon, Hong Kong, Orina <sup>I</sup>School of Environment and Guangdong Kay Laboratory of Environmental Pollution and Health, Jinan University, Guangshou, Orina <sup>I</sup>Scoul National University, Secol, Koma

"School of the Environment, Nanjing University, Nanjing, China Hydrobiology, Brisbane, Queenoland, Australia "Open University of Hong Kong, Hong Kong, China PETRONAS, Kuala Lampur, Malaysia Konkuk University, Secul, Korea Bayler University, Waco, Texas, USA <sup>b</sup>International Copper Association, Washington, DC, USA Nanyang Technological University, Singapore "University of Malaysia, Tenenggaru, Malaysia "Loyola University Chicago, Binois, USA "Supervising Scientist Branch, Caribiera, Australian Capital Territory, Australia Pithon Keen University, Khon Keen, Thailand "Kuman National University, Guman, Korea 'National University of Singapore, Singapore "Universiti Putra, Serclareg, Malaysia Cortexe Agriscience, Geneva, Switzerland "Proctor and Gamble, Singapore "National Institute of Advanced Industrial Science and Technology, Tokyo, Japan "International Copper Association-Asia, Shanghai, China \*College of Faherim and Ocean Sciences, University of the Philippines Visayas, Iolio City, Philippin "Bandung Institute of Technology, Bandung, Indonesia 'Department of Microbiology, Faculty of Science, University of Kalaniya, Kelaniya, Sri Lanka ""Universitas Brawijeya, Malan, Indonesia <sup>14</sup>University of Dhaka, Dhaka, Bangladesh "University of the Philippines Los Baños, Los Baños, Philippines \*\*US Environmental Protection Agency, Washington, DC "University of York, York, United Kingdom "World Maritime University, Malmo, Sweden











https://setac.onlinelibrary.wiley.com/doi/epdf/10.1002/etc.4788

## RTRC — Coastal COMMIT

**Objectives** 

To meet the needs of the WESTPAC region for ensuring ecological safety, and thereby protecting essential marine habitats and conserving biodiversity and natural resources therein.

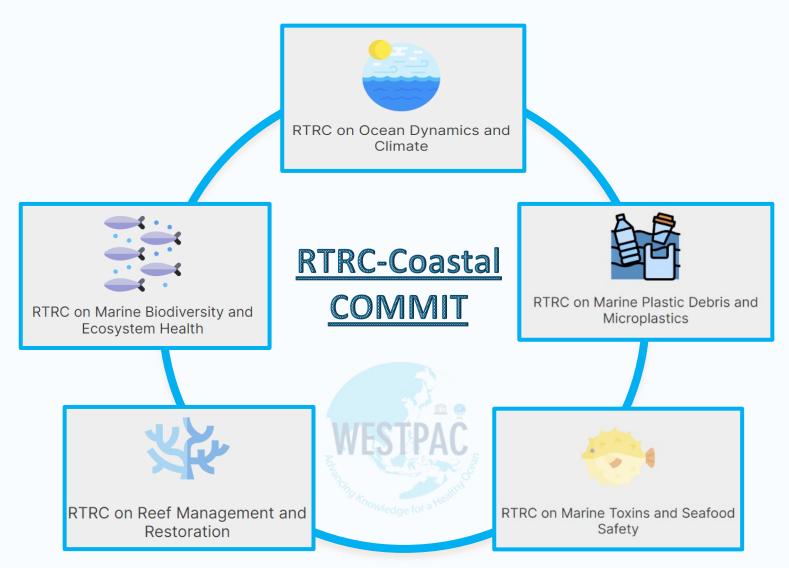
# al Cost-effective & easy-to-use technologies

- 1) To enhance the capacity building for monitoring and risk assessment of chemical contaminants as well as marine innovative technologies via **training and technology transfer**;
- 2) To catalyze and co-design regional research collaborative projects (e.g. GEM);
- 3) To understand the current situation of chemical contaminants;
- 4) To promote marine environment protection and facilitate sustainable development, and
- 5) To recommend regulatory measures to protect marine environments of the WESTPAC region.





## **Our Strategy**



### **Core Business**

- Transfer knowledge on contaminants of emerging concern (CECs)
- Transfer cost-effective, novel technologies to address the needs of the WESTPAC region
- Coordinate and co-design regional research collaboration

## Partnership

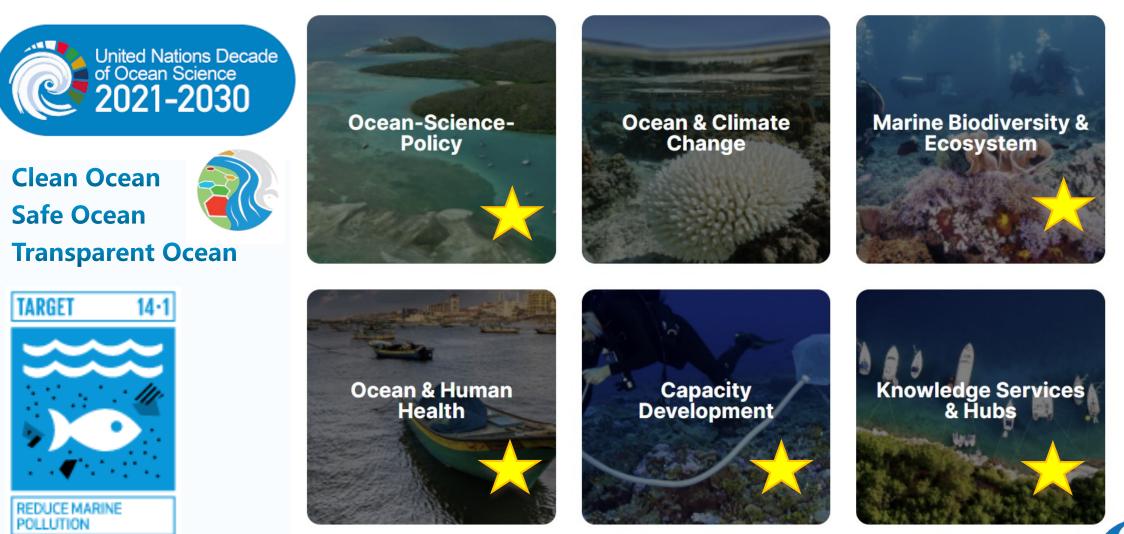
 Co-develop research collaboration and training workshops with other RTRCs in cross linked areas (e.g., benthic algal toxins; micro- and nano-plastics)



## **Proposed Major Activities**

Year	Proposed Activities	Global Estuaries
2023/2024	Training workshop on "analytical method for per- and poly- fluoroalkyl substances ( <b>PFAS</b> ) characterization and quantification"	Monitoring Programme
2024	The 10 <sup>th</sup> International Conference on Marine Pollution and Ecotoxicology (ICMPE-10) (3-6 Jan 2024)	C 2021 United Nations Decade of Ocean Science for Sustainable Developmen
	Training workshop on " <b>underwater survey technology for coral</b> <b>ecosystem</b> " (summer 2024)	
2025	Training workshop on "standard protocol and methods for sampling and analysing active pharmaceutical ingredients"	
2026	Training workshop on "environmental risk assessment"	
2027	Training workshop on "sampling, isolation, culturing, and identification of <b>lipophilic phycotoxin producing algal species</b> " in collaboration with RTRC - Marine Toxins and Seafood Safety	
<b>人口的</b> 梁國家重點實驗室		

## SKLMP will be keen to support ICO-WESTPAC and UN Ocean Decade





Great minds unite to protect oceans with innovation!

Go together, we go far!

**Big Thank You!** 



## **Expected Outputs**

- ✓ Provision of research protocols and training on the instrumental analysis and toxicity assessment of chemical contaminants.
- ✓ Demonstration and provision of protocols for ecological investigation and assessment of marine biodiversity and ecosystem health using innovative underwater technologies.
- ✓ Recommendations of appropriate management measures and monitoring protocols to governments for enhancing future regional environmental protection and conservation management.
- ✓ Strengthening the regional network and capacity building for knowledge exchange, data sharing, technology transfer and research collaboration.



## Implementation Strategy

### a. Management

- Non-profit-making and self-sustaining;
- Led by SKLMP director and steered by Advisory Committee.

## **b. Capacity building** (with the support from IOC/UNESCO )

- Full utilization of complementary expertise and facilities from different institutions;
- Develop cooperation in the WESTPAC region;
- Strengthen national and international networks.

## c. Sustainability

- Produce environmental professionals to meet future demands in the region;
- Establish an academic and technology exchange platform within and outside the region;
- Annual funding support from CityU and the Innovation and Technology Commission of Hong Kong;
- Develop new partnerships and opportunities through regular trainings and research activities;
- Promote training courses, collaboration opportunities and research excellence through website and social media

## d. Knowledge sharing

- Skills and knowledge will be transferable and replicable.
- Data can be shared, exchanged, and published together based on the principle of voluntariness.



## **SKLMP** designated as a **PEMSEA-RCOE** and a member of the **PNLC**

On 27 July 2022, the Partnership Council of Partnerships in the Environmental Management for the Seas of East Asia (PEMSEA) officially endorsed SKLMP as an Regional Centre of Excellence (RCOE) in Marine Pollution Research. As a PEMSEA-RCOE, SKLMP automatically becomes **a** member of the PEMSEA Network of Learning Centres (PNLC).

